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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/749,874	12/31/2003	Rene Purnadi	944-001.124 6306		
4955	4955 7590 11/28/2005			EXAMINER	
***************************************	SSOLA VAN DER SI	MEHRA, INDER P			
ADOLPHSON, LLP BRADFORD GREEN BUILDING 5 755 MAIN STREET, P O BOX 224 MONROE, CT 06468			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			L	TATERNOMBER	
			2666		
MONROD, C	71 00-100		DATE MAILED: 11/28/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/749,874	PURNADI ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Inder P. Mehra	2666			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
2a)⊠	2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ 8)□ Applicati 9)□ 10)⊠	Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-3,18-22,25 and 26 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 4-17,23 and 24 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on 31 December 2003 is/ar Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction.	vn from consideration. relection requirement. re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sec	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
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2) 🔲 Notice 3) 🔯 Inform	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 4/28/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to amendment dated 8/29/05. Claims 1-26 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 20 recites the limitation: "A radio access network (16) comprising, "A radio access network (16) comprising equipment (12 14) comprising means for performing the method of claim 1". It is not clear as to its being "apparatus" claim or "method" claim. Its limitations should be recited distinctly.

Information Disclosure Statement

4. The information disclosure statement filed 4/2/04 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

Document "3 GPP TS 25.322 V5.6.0 (2003-09), Technical Specification, 3rd Generation Partnership Project;----" is not available to examine.

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Appropriate action be taken to provide copy of the document.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC f 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the bqsis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action'
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the ad to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-3, 18-22 & 25-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatèntable over Ludwig et al. (US 6,816,471) in view of Yin et al. (US 6,490,251).

Regarding claims 1 & 21, Fig 4 of Ludwig et al. teaches "a radio access network (401) coupled to a core network (400) monitoring wireless transmission of packet according to a layer protocol the radio access network including equipment implementing a radio layer (L1)", and Fig. 6 of Ludwig et al. teaches "the upper layer (L3) distinguished at least in that the radio layer (L2) receives data as packets from the upper layer (L3) and prepares the data for transmission over air by forming radio frames corresponding to the packetsts31" also disclosed in column 5, line 55-column 6 line 5, the method characterized by:

A step of local acknowledgement in which the radio layer sends a local acknowledgement to the upper layer on occurrence of a predetermined event is disclosed in column 8, lines 8-32. The reference discloses link reset corresponds to predetermined event and providing information to L3 layer corresponds to claimed step

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of sending local acknowledgement.

Ludwig et al. fails to disclose a step of slow release in which a upper layer removes from the buffer maintained by the upper layer the oldest packet in the buffer when the buffer is full and a new packet arrives, and does so independently of whether the oldest packet has been acknowledged by the radio layer of the terminal.

Yin et al. discloses an upper layer removing from the buffer maintained by the upper layer the oldest packet in the buffer when the buffer is full and in IP the oldest packet gets dropped first independently of whether the oldest packet has been acknowledged or not (see column 8, lines 14-20 of Yin et al.)

At the time invention was made it would have been obvious to combine Yin et al method of removing the oldest packet in the buffer to the method of Ludwig et al. One in ordinary skill in art would have been motivated to do this to provide a congestion control mechanism in network (see column 8, lines 15-20 of Yin et al).

Regarding claims 2 & 22 Ludwig et al. further teaches in the step of local acknowledgement, the radio layer includes with the local acknowledgement a sequence number disclosed in column 7, line 54- column 8, line 7 sequence number of column 8, line 7 corresponds to the claimed sequence number.

Regarding claim 3, Ludwig et al. further teaches process of removing the packet from the buffer having a sequence number equal to the sequence number included With the local acknowledgement disclosed in column 7, lines 55-65. The reference discloses data packets corresponding to a sequence number acknowledged are removed from the buffer.

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Regarding claims 18 & 25, Ludwig et al. further teaches the method in which local acknowledgement signals the upper layer to release the buffer to the target is disclosed in column 9, lines 5-19. The reference discloses transferring of unacknowledged 1-3 data packets.

Regarding claim 19, Ludwig et al. further teaches in Fig (2) a computer readable storage structure (buffer-3) embodying computer program code thereon for execution by one or more computer processors in radio access network, and in Fig (1) computer program code instructions for performing the steps of the method.

Regarding claim 20, Fig 3 of Ludwig et al. further teaches a radio access network comprising equipment adapted to perform the said method.

Regarding claim 26, Fig 4 of Ludwig et al. further teaches a wireless communication system, comprising a core network (400), a terminal (500), and a radio access network (401) and communicatively coupling the terminal (500) to the core network (400).

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims are 4-17 & 23-24 objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-26 have been considered but are not persuasive.

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Applicant argues, "there is no communication from the lower/ L2/ radio layer to the upper layer in this case, which makes sense because the upper layer does not need to keep track of which L3 data units are included in which L2 data units.

In response, it is stated that Ludwig explicitly discloses "the radio layer sends a local acknowledgement to the upper layer on occurrence of a predetermined event is disclosed in column 8, lines 8-32. The reference discloses link reset corresponds to predetermined event and providing information to L3 layer corresponds to claimed step of sending local acknowledgement." At the occurrence of "reset conditions without a handover" is predetermined condition--- resulting into providing information to L3 layer corresponding to "sending local acknowledgement", In this way, similar to the above example of a reset without a handover, the complete transmission of all L3 data units is secured. Resumption of transmission starting with unacknowledged L3 data units is tantamount to acknowledgement of predetermined event having occurred.

Applicant argues, "Yin discloses discarding a packet from a buffer not because the buffer of an upper layer of the edge device or the TCP/IP network full, but because of some indication of congestion of the ATM network.

In response, it is stated that Yin discloses, "if the value of ACR is constant or slowly changing, eventually the TCP sliding window and hence the input rate of TCP packet transmissions to the queue may become large enough to cause the queue length (OL) value to reach MOS. a TCP packet is dropped by packet discard and --- TCP packet is dropped from the front of the queue, i.e., the oldest TCP packet in the queue is discarded, refer to col. 7

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<u>lines 60-65 and col. 8 lines 10-20.</u> In other words, buffer is full resulting into dropping of packet,

Yin discloses "TCP packet is discarded if the queue is full, refer to abstract.

Further still, the Office action argues that is proper to combine the teachings of Yin with the teachings of Ludwig "to provide a congestion control mechanism ...and applicant respectfully submits that the combination is one made in hindsight, i.e. in view of the elements included in the independent claims, and not because of any suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available one ordinary skill of the art, to modify the reference or to combine reference teachings, "as required by MPEP at 706.02(j).

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

Applicant argues, "Most importantly, though, the site in Yin (col. 14-20) discloses deleting packets from a buffer *not maintained by the upper layer of equipment implementing a radio access (or even some other network)*, but instead by an edge device, which are e.g. switches (col. 2, line 45). See col. 5, line 31-34, which explains that Fig. illustrates components 320--called an ATM segmentation/ transmitter--of the edge device 115 shown in Fig.1, which

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interfaces a TCP/IP network with an ATM network. Fig. 4,at 64-65 and 11. 3-4, is said to describe the operation of the ATM segmentation/ transmitter 320, which includes a packet discard decision block 430. Fig. 5, at col. 6,31-34 is said to describe the packet discard decision block

In response, it is stated that Applicant correctly had agreed (refer to Applicant's arguments page 9 paragraph 1), "Yin does teach a mechanism for congestion control, but one of use in case of heterogeneous networks (i.e. e.g. a TCP/IP network communication with an ATM network. In other words, there are two different protocols as well as two different layers—Transport layer (upper layer) and DLC (lower layer), refer to col. 2 lines 45-50.

Further, Yin discloses, "the present invention is related to the communication of flow control information from one layer of a data internetwork to another layer of the data internetwork"., refer to col. 1 lines 30-35

In light of above explanation, arguments by applicant are not persuasive.

9. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Inder P. Mehra whose telephone number is 571-272-3170. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8AM to 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Seema Rao can be reached on 571-272-3174. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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